## Maths Vocabulary Progression

## Intent

Maths at Cockwood embraces the integral understanding of number and the importance of children's ability to reason and problem solve in equal measure. In order to be successful in later life and future employment, pupils at Cockwood are encouraged to enjoy the challenge that real-life contextual maths has to offer; with the underpinning of quick recall of number facts essential to this. Oracy is also at the heart of the maths curriculum at Cockwood. Children are encouraged to explain their thinking both orally and in its written form, with the use of mathematical vocabulary explicit in this. Each classroom is also primed with stem sentences to help the children confidently formulate their explanations or answer a question in Maths.

Accessing prior knowledge of subject specific content is key to both children and staff equally, in that opportunities to make clear what the children know and where they need to be empowers them to become highly motivated learners, building and adding their knowledge follows once prior knowledge has been accessed. In order to create confident learners with positive attitudes in Maths, Cockwood school prides itself on enrichment such as Times Table Rockstars day as well as NSPCC Number Day!

## Implementation

- Staff use the vocabulary progression document to support their planning. Vocabulary is clearly marked on plans and used within lessons.
- Subject specific vocabulary is taught alongside the Maths concepts
- Sentence stems are visible in each classroom as prompts for high-quality talk
- Encouraging children to use appropriate vocabulary to describe their thought process supports the cognitive strand of the oracy framework
- Pupils are encouraged to listen actively and respond appropriately within lessons
- Children are encouraged to use vocabulary to build on the views of others, seek information and clarify through questioning

|  | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and Place Value | One more <br> One less <br> Place <br> Order <br> Number <br> Count <br> Numbers up to <br> twenty <br> Number line <br> Pictorial <br> Answer <br> Equals <br> Read <br> Write | Same as EYFS plus: | Same as EYFS \& Year 1, plus: | Same as EYFS \& KS1, plus: | Same as previous Year groups, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: |
|  |  | Forwards <br> Backwards <br> Numerals <br> Words <br> Multiples <br> Equal to <br> More than <br> Less than <br> Fewer <br> Most <br> Least <br> Identify <br> Represent <br> Digit <br> Calculate | Ones <br> Tens <br> Two- digit <br> Estimate <br> Place Value <br> Solve Problems <br> Greater than > <br> Less than < <br> Nearest ten <br> Number facts <br> Partition <br> Count in steps <br> Zero <br> Compare <br> Determine <br> Value | Hundreds <br> Three-digit <br> ten more one hundred more ten less one hundred less Roman numeral Numbers up to one thousand | Thousands <br> Four- digit <br> Negative number <br> One thousand more <br> One thousand less <br> Decimal <br> Decimal place <br> Rounding <br> Place holder <br> Nearest ten <br> Nearest hundred <br> Nearest thousand <br> One place <br> Whole number <br> Integer <br> Tenths <br> Hundredths | Ten thousands <br> Hundred thousands <br> Millions <br> Context Steps of powers <br> Decimal equivalents <br> Two decimal places <br> Thousandths <br> Numbers up to one million | Intervals across zero Three decimal places Hundredths <br> Thousandths <br> Ten thousandths Numbers up to ten million |


|  |  | Odd <br> Even <br> Pattern <br> Numbers up to one <br> hundred |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  | Halving number pattern | Multiples <br> Twos Fives <br> Tens <br> Number <br> Multiply <br> Divide <br> Multiplication <br> Division <br> One step problem <br> Answer <br> Concrete object <br> Pictorial representation <br> Arrays <br> Count <br> Equals <br> Write | Multiplication facts <br> Division facts <br> Multiplication tables <br> Odd numbers <br> Even numbers <br> Share <br> Equally <br> Calculate | Missing number problem <br> Estimate <br> Inverse <br> Formal written <br> method <br> Mathematical <br> statement <br> Recall <br> Integer <br> Two- digit <br> One- digit | Derived facts <br> Factors <br> Factor pairs <br> Scaling problems <br> Three-digit | Decimals <br> Four-digit <br> Long multiplication <br> Short division <br> Remainders <br> Context <br> Common factors <br> Common multiples <br> Prime numbers Prime <br> factors Composite <br> numbers <br> Square number Cube <br> number Notation <br> Squares <br> Cubes | Scale factor Long division Whole number remainders Fractions Rounding Mixed operations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measure | Measure <br> Measurement <br> Size <br> Weight <br> Capacity <br> Compare <br> Solve <br> Problems <br> Object <br> Time | Same as EYFS plus: | Same as EYFS \& Year 1, plus: | Same as EYFS \& KS1, plus: | Same as previous Year groups, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: |
|  |  | Length Height Long Short Longer Shorter Tall Double | Greater than > Less than < <br> Equals = Intervals <br> Standard units <br> Estimate <br> Direction <br> Temperature <br> Unit <br> Scales | Duration <br> Time taken <br> Nearest minute <br> Record <br> Seconds <br> a.m. <br> p.m. <br> noon <br> midnight <br> kilometre | Estimate <br> Rectilinear figure <br> Area <br> Rectilinear shapes <br> Convert | Square centimetres <br> (cm2) <br> Square metres (m2) <br> Irregular shapes <br> Volume (cm3) <br> Cubes <br> Cuboids <br> Square numbers <br> Cube numbers | Decimal notation <br> Cubic centimetres <br> (cm3) <br> Cubic metres (m3) <br> Cubic millimetre <br> (mm3) <br> Cubic kilometre (Km3) <br> Decimal places <br> formulae <br> Miles |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  |  |  |  |  | Polygon |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry (properties of shape) | Shape <br> Square <br> Rectangle <br> Circle <br> Triangle <br> Sides <br> Straight side <br> Curved side | Same as EYFS plus: | Same as EYFS \& Year 1, plus: | Same as EYFS \& KS1, plus: | Same as previous Year groups, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: |
|  |  | 2-D Shapes <br> 3-D Shapes <br> TwoDimensional <br> ThreeDimensional <br> Cuboid <br> Cube <br> Pyramid <br> Cone <br> Cylinder <br> Sphere | Properties <br> Compare <br> Common <br> Line symmetry <br> Vertical line <br> Edges <br> Faces <br> Vertices <br> Pentagon <br> Hexagon <br> Heptagon <br> Octagon <br> Nonagon <br> Decagon <br> Kite <br> Rhombus <br> Polygon <br> Square-based <br> pyramid <br> Triangular pyramid <br> Triangular prism <br> Rectangular prism <br> Pentagonal prism <br> Hexagonal prism <br> Octagonal prism <br> Octahedron <br> Dodecahedron <br> Tetrahedron <br> Rectangular pyramid <br> Pentagonal pyramid | Angle <br> Turn <br> Right angles <br> Quarter of a turn <br> Half-turn <br> Three quarters of a turn <br> Complete turn Horizontal lines <br> Vertical lines Perpendicular lines Parallel lines | Lines of symmetry <br> Symmetric figure <br> Classify <br> Geometric shapes <br> Quadrilaterals <br> Acute angle <br> Obtuse angle | Angles <br> Measure <br> Degrees <br> Missing lengths <br> Missing angles <br> Regular polygons <br> Irregular polygons <br> Degrees <br> Estimate compare <br> Reflex angle <br> Point <br> Straight line <br> Multiples | Radius <br> Diameter <br> Circumference <br> Nets |


|  |  |  | Hexagonal pyramid Octagonal pyramid |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fractions, Decimals and Percentages |  | Fraction <br> Half <br> Equal parts <br> One whole <br> Object <br> Shape <br> Quantity Quarter | Same as EYFS \& Year 1, plus: | Same as EYFS \& KS1, plus: | Same as previous Year groups, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: |
|  |  |  | Simple fractions <br> Equivalent <br> equivalence <br> Count <br> Interpret <br> Construct <br> Pictogram <br> Tally chart <br> Block diagrams <br> Horizontal <br> Vertical <br> $x$ - axis <br> $y$-axis <br> Key <br> Title <br> Chart title <br> Simple tables <br> Ask <br> Answer <br> Questions <br> Counting <br> Objects <br> Category <br> Sort | Tenths <br> Unit fractions <br> Non - unit fractions <br> Numerator <br> Denominator <br> Compare <br> Order <br> Add <br> Subtract <br> Solve problems | Hundredths <br> Decimal <br> Decimal place One decimal place <br> Two decimal places <br> Round decimals <br> Whole number <br> Common equivalent <br> fractions <br> Decimal equivalents <br> Dividing <br> Ones <br> Tenths <br> Hundredths <br> Simple measure <br> Money problems | Thousandths <br> Multiples <br> Three decimal places <br> Per cent <br> Number of parts per <br> hundred <br> Percentages <br> Decimal fraction <br> Mixed numbers <br> Improper fraction <br> Proper fraction <br> Convert <br> Mathematical <br> statements <br> Multiply <br> Percentage and decimal equivalents | Common factors Common multiples Decimal fraction equivalents Simplest form |



| Algebra | Solve One -step problem | Same as Year 1, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: | Same as previous year groups, plus: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Check <br> Calculate <br> problem <br> Sequence <br> Chronological | Inverse <br> Relationship <br> Compare <br> Order <br> Arrange <br> Pattern | Perimeter Algebra Algebraically | Properties <br> Rectangles <br> Deduce <br> Related facts <br> Missing lengths <br> Missing angles | Missing number <br> Problem <br> Pairs <br> Number sentence <br> Variables <br> Combination <br> Possibility <br> Enumerate <br> Equation <br> Formulae <br> Generate <br> Linear number sequence |
| Ratio and Proportion |  |  |  |  | Ratio <br> Proportion <br> Size <br> Quantity <br> Missing value <br> Integer <br> Multiplication Division <br> Multiply <br> Divide <br> Solve <br> Problem <br> Calculate <br> Percentage <br> Comparison |



## Impact

Our pupils are able to use subject specific language to articulate their thinking and justify their answers. Children use talk and vocabulary for a range of purposes, it can be exploratory talk where they are trying out new ideas or arranging information for a presentational purpose. Having the subject specific vocabulary facilitates them to 'talk like a mathematician'.

